

What is radiation therapy?

Visit our website: cancercouncil.com.au/easy-read

EASY READ

Introduction



This information is about cancer and treatment.



You can ask someone for help to read this information.



Having **radiation therapy** can feel scary. You can ask your doctors questions about anything you do not understand.

What is radiation therapy?



This fact sheet is about **radiation therapy**. Radiation therapy is treatment for cancer.



Radiation therapy is also called **'radiotherapy'.**



Radiation therapy uses **radiation beams** to kill cancer.

You cannot see the radiation beams.

How you have radiation therapy



The main way to have radiation therapy is from a big machine. This is called **external beam radiation therapy.**



The machine sends radiation beams to the part of the body where cancer was found.



Radiation therapy does not make you radioactive.

Where you have radiation therapy



You have radiation therapy in a hospital or treatment centre.



A doctor called a **radiation oncologist** will plan the radiation therapy.



Radiation therapists will give you the treatment.

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Your radiation oncologist will tell you how many times you will have radiation therapy.

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This may be Monday to Friday for 3 to 7 weeks.

Before radiation therapy starts



Before you start radiation therapy you go to the hospital to have planning scans. This is called **simulation**.



You will have a **CT scan.**

Sometimes other scans may also be done.



The scans can take 10 minutes to 1 hour.



The CT scan helps plan where on your body you will have radiation therapy.



You might have some tiny marks put on your skin to make sure you have radiation therapy in the same place every time.



The marks are usually permanent. This means that they will stay on your skin forever.

Having radiation therapy



You will lie on a bed under the radiation therapy machine. The radiation therapists help you get into the right position.



You will need to keep still while having radiation therapy.



People who need radiation therapy to the head or neck have to wear a special mask. This keeps the head still.



Radiation therapy does not hurt.

You will not see or feel the radiation beams.



The radiation therapists will leave the room before they start the machine.



The radiation therapists can see and hear you on a television screen.



The radiation therapy machine moves around you. The machine makes loud noises.



You stay under the radiation therapy machine for only 5 to 10 minutes.



You can go home the same day. You do not stay in hospital overnight.

Side effects



Some people feel sick after they have radiation therapy. We call these side effects.



The side effects will depend on the part of your body treated with radiation therapy.



Side effects usually start 2 to 3 weeks after radiation therapy starts.



Most people do not get all the side effects.



The doctor or nurse will tell you what side effects may happen and how to feel better.



Radiation therapy may make you feel very tired.



The skin where you had treatment might get red.



Hair may fall out in the area where you get radiation therapy. This may be your armpit, chest or head.



Radiation therapy to the head may cause a small patch of hair to fall out. This usually grows back when your radiation therapy ends.



Radiation therapy might make you feel like vomiting. We call this **nausea**.



Food may taste different. You might not enjoy eating as much.



You might get sores in your mouth.



You may have runny poo. We call this **diarrhoea**.



You may need to wee a lot.



Some side effects can happen a long time after you finish treatment.

Ask your doctor if you notice anything unusual.

Coping with side effects



It might take a few weeks or months for side effects to stop.



Exercise and eating healthy food can help you feel better.



You might worry about cancer and side effects. You can talk to:

- a doctor
- your family or friends
- a counsellor.

How Cancer Council can help you



You can find fact sheets like this one at our website cancercouncil.com.au/ easy-read.



You can speak to a Cancer Council health professional for free on the phone. Call **13 11 20** Monday to Friday.



You can read information in other languages.

	Scan this QR code for information on cancer, treatment and support.
	You can also call Cancer Council 13 11 20 for information and support.
TRANSLATING AND INTERPRETING SERVICE	If you need information in a language other than English, an interpreting service is available. Call 131 450.
National Relay Service	If you are deaf, or have a hearing or speech impairment, you can contact us through the National Relay Service. accesshub.gov.au

Easy Read fact sheet: What is radiation therapy?

This information was reviewed by health professionals, other experts, and people affected by cancer. To see a list of reviewers, visit our website **cancercouncil.com.au/easy-read**.

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This fact sheet is part of a series of Easy Read resources. Cancer Council also has a longer booklet called *Understanding Radiation Therapy.*

Note to reader

Always consult your doctor about matters that affect your health. This fact sheet is intended as a general introduction and is not a substitute for professional medical, legal or financial advice. Information about cancer is constantly being updated and revised by the medical and research communities. While all care is taken to ensure accuracy at the time of publication, Cancer Council Australia and its members exclude all liability for any injury, loss or damage incurred by use of or reliance on the information provided in this fact sheet.

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Cancer Council NSW acknowledges Traditional Custodians of Country and recognises the continuing connection to lands, waters and communities. We pay our respects to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander cultures and to Elders past and present.

